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## THE SUBMINIATURE TIMES

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Supporting 110, 17.5mm, 16mm, 9.5mm, 8mm, 4mm, 1mm, Microdot, and Electronic Still Photography.



## retro

Retro' cameras are more fun when film is available.

Our friend in the Rolls Royce probably calls Brent Esse for disc film at bargain basement prices.

Brent also has small glass plates (Kodak UPL4) for Compass owners, and plenty of 7200 series 16mm Kodak b&w negative emulsions. Brent Esse (713) 528-6295.



If you're seriously into retro' cameras, add Film For Classics to your address file. FFC has paper backed roll film for box and folding cameras: 101, 103, 116, 122, 124, 130, 616, 828, 127, and 620.

Note: 828 is the roll film size for the Compass.

Dick Haviland at FFC provides an informative brochure on his film, and how to process odd sizes yourself. Film For Classics, P.O. Box 486 Haneoye Falls, NY 14472.

An interesting half-framer, the Ducati Simplex puts 18 x 24mm images on 35mm film.

It was introduced in 1950 by SSRB Ducati. It has focal plane shutter speeds to 1/250 plus B. The 3.5/35mm lens can focus down to 12".

Although sams rangefinder, the camera has a long list of accessories: flash units, a pair of folding tripods, a table clamp, copy stand, daylight developing tank, and prism viewers for photomicrography.

The small Ducati cassettes are availfrom Jerry Friedman (419) 353-0025.



### **JANUARY 1995**

#### RETAIL PRICE LIST

ITEM CODE	SUBMINIATURE CAMERAS	PRICE	QUANTITY	TOTAL
97020	MICROTEC MICRO M CAMERA	\$ 150.00		
97030	MICROTEC CAM M1 WRIST WATCH CAMERA	\$ 150,00		
97040	MICROTEC CFS DOCUMENT COPYING CAMERA	\$ 600.00		1
97050	ACMEL MD/MDX CAMERA AND FLASH KIT	\$ 250.00		
97060	ACMEL MD CAMERA	\$ 200.00		
97070	ACMEL MDX ELECTRONIC FLASH	\$ 75.00		
	ALL MINOX OR ROBOT CAMERAS	WRITE		
W	MINOX ACCESSORIES		A HALL	
231040	MINOX POCKET TRIPOD WITH CASE	\$ 115.00	1	
231020	MINOX TRIPOD ADAPTOR FOR B, BL, C	\$ 59.00		District to
145000	MINOX LEATHER CASE FOR EC CAMERA	\$ 19.50		
146040	MINOX LEATHER CASE FOR LX CAMERA	\$ 60.00		
221250	MINOX ELECTRONIC FLASH	\$ 130.00		3 1
221260	MINOX FLASH ADAPTOR FOR B, BL, C, LX	\$ 49.00		
228970	MINOX LEATHER COMBI CASE FOR FLASH	\$ 42.00		
181200	MINOX MEASURING CHAIN FOR LX CAMERA	\$ 23.00		
181660	MINOX NECK CORD FOR EC CAMERA	\$ 12.50		
181650	MINOX NECK CHAIN FOR EC CAMERA	\$ 18.50		
181600	MINOX MEASURING CHAIN SCREW FOR LX	\$ 17.00		
231060	MINOX CABLE RELEASE BRACKET FOR LX	\$ 15.00		
222020	MINOX HOT SHOE ADAPTOR	\$ 44.00		
231070	MINOX BINOCULAR CLAMP FOR B, BL, C, X	\$ 285.00		
231380	MINOX COPY STAND FOR B, BL, C, LX	\$ 385.00		
251010	MINOX FILM DEVELOPING TANK KIT	\$ 112.00		
- 6	SUBMINIATURE CAMERA ACCESSORIES	- 0 W 42		30 10
250041	FILM WALLETS FOR STORING 9.5mm NEGS	\$ 1.00		
890101	LEATHER WALLET CASE FOR LX CAMERA	\$ 50.00		
890200	AG1 FLASH BULBS - DOZEN	\$ 5.00		
995000	MINOX FORMAT FILM SLITTER	\$ 200.00		
995001	MINOX FORMAT FILM CASSETTES 10 / PACK	\$ 30.00		
220250	BATTERY PACK FOR MINOX EC AND LX	\$ 22.00		
89110	"SUBMINIATURE PHOTOGRAPHY" DR. WILLIAM WHITE - 262 PAGES - HARDBACK	\$ 75.00		
89111	"SPY CAMERA - THE MINOX STORY" MORRIS MOSES - 195 PAGES - HARDBACK	\$ 50.00		
89112	"THE MICRODOT" DR. WILLIAM WHITE - 156 PAGES - HARDBACK	\$ 50.00		

EM CODE	MINOX FILM FOR COLO	OR PRINTS	100	PRICE	QUANTITY	TOTAL
10045	KODAK ROYAL GOLD 25	15 EXPOSURE	5 3	\$ 7.50		
10045	KODAK ROYAL GOLD 100	15 EXPOSURE		5 7.50		
10055	KODAK GOLD 100	15 EXPOSURE		\$ 7.50		
10005	KODAK ROYAL GOLD 400	15 EXPOSURE		\$ 7.50		
	FUJI SUPER G 100	15 EXPOSURE		5 7.50		
10085		15 EXPOSURE		\$ 7,50		
10095	FUJI SUPER G 400	15 EXPOSURE		\$ 7.50		
10105	FUJI REALA 100	13 EXPOSOR				
10050	KODAK ROYAL GOLD 25	36 EXPOSURI	E	\$ 10.50		
10060	KODAK ROYAL GOLD 100	36 EXPOSUR		\$ 10.50		
10080	KODAK GOLD 100	36 EXPOSUR		\$ 10.50		
10130	KODAK ROYAL GOLD 400	36 EXPOSUR		\$ 10.50		
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12010	AGFA AGFAPAN APX 100	36 EXPOSUR		\$ 6.50		
12020	AGFA AGFAPAN APX 400	36 EXPOSUR		\$ 6.50		
12030	KODAK TECHNICAL PAN 25	36 EXPOSUR	SE	\$ 6.50		
12040	KODAK TMAX 100	36 EXPOSUR		\$ 6.50		
12050	KODAK TMAX 400	36 EXPOSUR		\$ 6.50		
12060	KODAK TRI - X 400	36 EXPOSUR	RE	\$ 6.50		
12070	ILFORD DELTA 100	36 EXPOSUR	RE	\$ 6.50		
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12090	ILFORD XP2-400	36 EXPOSUR	RE	\$ 6.50		
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Write for FREE illustrated brochure. MAMIYA, 111 5th Ave., Dept. U-1, N.Y. 3, N.Y. EDITOR'S JOURNAL:

S-L REVISITED

As the only ISO 32 single-perforated black and white film generally available, Filmdex S-L\* would seem to be a natural for owners of cameras that need single-perforated 16mm film stock.

I compared it to Tech Pan in Newsletter #57, but some Rollei-16 owners and others with unique cameras are complaining that the contrast is sky high, and emulsion fiercely grainy. A return to basics may be in order.

To reduce contrast, increase exposure or decrease developer time/strength. Rodinal diluted 1:200, 14 mins @ 74F works fine. If you plan to use these high contrast films regularly, why not consider divided developers?

Popular divided developers use two solutions. The first contains a developing agent but no alkali, it controls density. The second, an alkali without developing agent controls contrast. Exposed film is placed in the first solution then in the second, with a minimal amount of solution carry-over. Once a solution soaks in, the action stops. That's why basic instructions like "4 minutes at room temperature in each solution" will probably work for all of them.

This simplicity eliminates the need to carry a timer or thermometer as when working in 8mm or smaller formats where space is so limited you must fit a camera and all processing equipment into a shirt pocket.

Another way to use a two-bath is to mix Part A and Part B, then add water to make a single use one-shot. I prefer this method using Ethol TEC Two Solution Powder.

The 'official' working ratio is 1 part A. 1 part B. and 14 parts water, use once and discard. It translates to 14 + 14 + 196 ml water. For S-L adjust the ratio to 24 + 2 + 174 ml water. 7 mins. @ 75°F. takes the feist right out of that film.

Smaller proportions of part B will reduce film speed. For 1 ounce processing of formats 8mm and smaller, use 60 drops A + 5 drops B + water to 1 oz.

The only way to hurt a two-bath is to contaminate Part A with droplets of B. Oxidation will begin as if it were a normal developer, and shelf life drops accordingly. Otherwise the baths can be used as long as there is sufficient volume to wet the film.



Cross contamination can be prevented by using eye droppers labeled A - B. If Ethol TEC isn't in your local photo store, the US importer is Brandess/ Kalt Co., Chicago, IL (312) 588-8601. B/K will give you the name of a retail outlet. UK: Jacobs, 60 London Rd., Leicester LE2 OQH 0533 540944.

Graininess is relative. 5-L is a document copying film. Intentionally hard edged. It doesn't have the smooth tabular look that a lot of us are getting used to seeing, particularly if you use T-Max.

Nothing cuts through hard edged grain like Edwal's 9% solution of sodium sulfite. To make the 9% solution, dissolve one fluid ounce by volume of sodium sulfite filled level, but not packed down, in one pint of water. Its as easy as that. This can be used instead of plain water with Rodinal, HC-110, or any other developer.

Don't let sulfite seduce you. Modest enlargements can get so 'smooth', folks will ask if your enlarging lens fell out during the exposure. How sharp is it? This is 3/4 of a Minox EC negative. You can see laces on the little tyke's left shoe. Hang in there, Bunky.

\*Filmdex Inc., P.O. Box 490, Centreville, VA. 22020 (703) 631-0600.

#### KAMERABORSEN / CAMERA SHOWS

06	May	Bonn/Bruckenforum Beul
20	May	Kennedybrucke Kiel/Legiensaal Legien-
		str. 22
21	May	Hamburg/Curio-Haus Rothenbaumchausse 13
		QUICKFINDER 5/95

Minox	B\$139	W
•	B149	W
	BL699	W
*	C239	W
	EC150	W
	IIIS119	W
	Riga	W
	Copy stand59	W
*	Tripod w/clamp69	W

W Woodmere Camera (516) 599-6013

# Time By Eaton S. Lothrop, Jr. Exposure



#### Go ahead, make my day—say "Cheese!" (Isn't it better to have a camera that looks like a gun than the other way 'round?)

■ A snap shot (a quick, unaimed shot) is made with a gun, a snapshot with a camera. I assume that the second term was derived from the first, in the late 1800s, although I don't know how one could ever find out for sure. But one instance in which both terms operate is with the use of "gun" cameras. Over the years, several cameras have been made with the look or name of a gun.

It was Englishman Thomas Skaife who first used a gun-like name for a camera. His Pistolgraph, developed in 1856 and

later improved upon, actually bore little resemblance to a firearm, except for its small size. Its use did, however, provoke an incident. Skaife was reported-

ly arrested once, for having aimed his camera at Queen Victoria while attempting to "shoot" her picture.

Thompson's Revolver
Photographique, introduced in
1862 and manufactured by Briois, Paris, looked more like a
gun. It had a pistol grip, and its
lens barrel rather looked like a
gun barrei. Its sensitized, 7.5cm-diameter glass plate revolved, to accept four 23mm-diameter exposures.

But without question, the most threatening of these 19th-century cameras was the *Photo-Revolver de Poche* of E. Enjalbert, Paris, introduced in 1883. In the distinct form of a French revolver, this camera had a magazine/reservoir which held 10 2x2-cm dry plates. Rotations of the cylinder respectively cocked the shutter and moved the plate into position. And, following the exposure (made by pulling the trigger), cylinder rotation emplaced an unexposed plate and removed the exposed one to a storage compartment.

A larger model, for 4x4-cm plates, was also produced. It was advertised in America in the 1886 catalog of James W. Queen & Co. of Philadelphia.

While gunstock mounts for 35-mm

cameras were introduced in the 1930s, the late 1800s also had a bevy of these birds. Kilburn's Gun Camera (U.S., 1884), the photographic gun of Jenö Gothard (Hungary, ca. 1885), Dr. Fol's Photographic Gun (ca. 1887), and Decker's Gun Camera (U.S., 1895) were all rather bulky cameras mounted on rifle stocks.

The Kilburn, Fol, and Decker cameras were bellows cameras. The Gothard and Fol cameras had magazine backs for mechanical plate changing, and the Fol camera was for stereoscopic photography.

A very famous camera of 1881 was the photographic gun of the Frenchman Etienne-Jules Marcy. This long, rifle-like training aerial gunners.

Beyond the fact that it had a trigger, Le Photo Revolver of the French firm of E. Krauss (1921) did not deserve its title. Nor, beyond its trigger and pistol grip, did the stubby Erac Pistol Camera, from Britain (1931), really deserve its name.

The principal developments of the 1930s were the introductions of the Contax Gun (1936) and the Leica Gun (1938). These were rifle-stock/telephoto-lens combinations, for stability in making long-range shots.

The little Gemmy Pistol Camera of 1950, from Japan's Okada Optical Works, used 16-mm film. It looked more like a cap pistol than a real gun.

Speaking of real guns, with the exception of its forward 16-mm-camera section, the Doryu 2-16 (1954) was very disturbing in its appearance. It looked a lot like a .32-

caliber Browning automatic. This camera used a pistol clip as a magazine for its flash cartridge.

So strong is its resemblance to the real thing, that Massachusetts collector Jack Naylor ran into trouble bringing one back from Des Moines. Naylor spent some three hours in Chicago's O'Hare Airport, explaining the true nature of the "gun" he was carrying.

In 1954, Mamiya produced its Police Pistol, a shortened, pistol-like half-frame 35-mm camera used by the Japanese police principally for photographing demonstrators.

The most recent gun camera, to my knowledge, is the Area Swiss ZF Type GR-81 (described in POPULAR PHOTOGRAPHY, Holiday Issue 1976). This automatic-rifle look-alike used Polaroid film packs to make four separate exposures per picture. Its use was for training marksmen.

Of course, what I still wonder about is who in beaven's name is going to hold still for his picture when someone points any of these cameras at him?



camera made photos in rapid sequence. Marey, along with Muybridge and Anschitz, was noted for his photographic studies of motion.

A number of patents, and some realizations of these, were produced for cameras mounted below rifle or shotgun barrels. Most notable of these was the Schützen-Camera invented by Baron Victor Kalchenberg. Introduced in 1891 and made by Lechner in Vienna, the camera made 30 exposures on roll film.

The Thornton-Pickard Machine Gun Camera, a 1917 look-alike of a Lewis machine gun, and a World War II Japanese copy of this camera are among the more exotic of collectibles. They were made for